#### Curriculum Intent

The intent of our curriculum is that it will secure our vision that at Nyewood Church of England Infant School our children are confident, happy and independent learners who take an active role together in God's world.

#### **Reading Intent**

At Nyewood CE Infant School every child is a reader. Children will become confident readers who are inspired with a love of reading; knowing how it supports them in accessing all experiences in God's world.

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Knowledge and	Emerging Towards	Working At	Exceeding	
Skills Area	Expectations	Expectations	Expectations	
		Autumn Term		
	Contextual Outcomes:			
Speaking and	Children know	Children know	Children know	
Listening	What 'good listening' looks like.	What 'responding' means and looks like.	What a 'question' is.	
	What 'good sitting' looks like.	What a 'joke' is and what is considered funny.	When it is appropriate to respond/ask questions during a story.	
	What 'concentrating' means and looks like.	How to ask others to join in an activity with them.		
			How to negotiate roles with others and sh	
	Children can	How to take turns.		
	Demonstrate two-chanelled attention – can listen and		Children can	
	do for short a span of time.	Children can	Maintain attention and participate activel	
		Respond to instruvtions involving a two-part	a directed task or learning activity.	
	Maintain attention, concentrate and sit quietly during	sequence.		
	appropriate activity.		Listen to stories, accurately anticipating k	
		Understand humour and nonsense rhymes/jokes.	events and respond to what they hear wit	
			relevant comments, questions and actions	
		Listen attentively in a range of situations.	1	
			Use language to imagine and recreate role	
		Introduce a storyline or narrative into their play.	and experiences iin play situations.	

Comprehension	Children know Where to find the 'title' on a front cover.	Children know Where we find a 'title' and what it means.	Children know Where we find a 'title' and what it means.
	Children can Talk about where to find the title of a book.	That a series of events happen in a story and that stories have a beginning, middle and end.  Children can Talk about the title and events in a text.	That a series of events happen in a story an that stories have a beginning, middle and end.  What the word 'because' means.
			Children can  Talk about events in a text in a more detailed way, using phrases such as 'I know that because'.
Word reading	Children know All/most GPCs taught so far.	Children know What it means to 'blend' phonemes to make a word.	Children know That we pause brielfly at a full stop.
	What a 'word' is.  What a 'phoneme/sound' is.	What a 'sentence' is.  How to distinguish between a letter, a word and a	<b>Children can</b> Blend words confidently and clearly to make a sentence.
	Children can  Hear and say the initial sounds in words, sometimes with support.	senence.  That we read from left to right.	
		What a 'tricky' word is and that we do not sound these words out.	
		Children can  Hear and say the initial sounds in words and blend them together.	
		Begin to read words and simple sentences.	

		Read some common irregular words (tricky words).	
Knowledge and Skills Area	Emerging Towards Expectations	Working At Expectations	<b>Exceeding</b> Expectations
		Spring Term	
	Contextual Outcomes:		
Speaking and Listening	Children know What an 'author' does and that they write a variety of books.	Children know What a 'discussion' is and how to share in back and forth conversations.	Children know  How to respond to other's ideas and opinions in a polite way.
	That when we are reading, we change our voice to make it more interesting.	What 'vocabulary' is and why it is important to learn new words.	What an 'instruction' is and why we need to follow these to support our learning.
	Children can Begin to use vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of books.	It is important to use phrases from books they have read in their play and are encouraged to do this.	Children can Express themselves effectively, showing awareness of listeners' needs.
	Listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers.	Children can Listen and respond to ideas expressed by others in conversation or discussion.	Follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.
		Extend vocabulary, especially by grouping and naming, exploring the meaning and sounds of new words.	
		Continue to further build their vocabulary from what they hear and read.	

		Use vocabulary and forms of speech that are influenced by their experience of books.	
Comprehension	Children know That there is a huge variety of books available for us to read and share.	Children know That there is a huge variety of books available for us to read and share.	Children know What it means to 'predict' and are given opportunities to do this.
	Children can Enjoy an increasing range of books with support and encouragement from an adult.	That we can group stories into different catagories — fairytales, fiction, non-fiction, poetry, etc.  It is important to talk about what they have read and to share their opinions about a book with others.	Children can Predict what might happen on the basis of the title and pictures.
		Children can Enjoy an increasing range of books  Become familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them.	
		Talk about what they have read or what is read to them.	
Word reading	Children know That they should not be trying to blend tricky words and these should be read automatically.	Children know  That sentences follow on from each other and we need to pause at full stops before moving on to the next.	Children know That sentences follow on from each other to create a story.
	Children can Read some common exception words (tricky words) learnt.	That they should not be trying to blend tricky words and these should be read automatically.	That they should not be trying to blend tricky words and these should be read automatically.
		Children can Read and understand simple sentences.	Children can Read and understand sentences.

		Read common exception words (tricky words) learnt.	Read common exception words (tricky words) learnt confidently and on sight.
Knowledge and Skills Area	Emerging Towards Expectations	Working At Expectations	<b>Exceeding</b> Expectations
		Summer Term	·
	Contextual Outcomes:		
Speaking and Listening	Children know How to answer a question.  Children can Answer some simple questions about books with some support from an adult.	Children know  How important it is to talk and why we talk about books and stories.  What a 'theme' is, with regards to books and reading.  The difference between past, present and future forms and examples of these.	Children know What a 'narrative' is.  What an 'explanation' is.  How to continue an activity whilst acknowledging others around them (modelling from adults will be needed).
		What 'why' and 'how' questions are and are given examples of how to answer these in response to stories.  Children can	Children can Develop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events.  Give their attention to what others say and respond appropriately, while engaged in
		Use talk to organise, sequence and clarify thinking, ideas, feelings and events.  Link statements and stick to a main theme or intention.  Use past, present and future forms accurately when talking about events that have happened or are to happen in the future.	another activity.

		Answer 'how' and 'why' questions tabout their experiences and in response to stories or events.	
Comprehension	Children know That an information book is different from a fiction book and what makes them different.  Children can Know that information can be retrieved from books.	Children know What a computer is and what information can come from one in different forms.  What a 'poem' is.  What 'non-fiction' books are and why they are different to fiction.  What an 'experience' is and that it is important to talk about our experiences and link them to stories we have read.  What 'predicting' means and how we do this using the title or pictures.  Children can  Know that information can be retrieved from books and computers.  Listen to a range of poems, stories and non-fiction.  Link what they have read or hear to their own experiences.  Demonstrate understanding when talking with others about what they have read.	

		Predict what might happen on the basis of the title and pictures.		
Word Reading  Key Vocabulary	Children know What it means to 'blend' phonemes to make a word.  What a 'sentence' is.  How to distinguish between a letter, a word and a senence.  That we read from left to right.  What a 'tricky' word is and that we do not sound these words out.  Children can  Read and understand a simple sentence.  Book, story, character, title, blurb, author, illustrator, is sentence, common exception word (tricky word), phoni		Children know Why it is important to read with pace to keep the reader engaged.  Children can Respond speedily with the correct sounds to graphemes for those sounds they have learnt, maintaining pace and fluency.  Decabulary, information, events, rhyming, word,	
		Year One		
Knowledge and Skills Area	Working Towards the Expected Standard	Working At the Expected Standard	Working at Greater Depth within the Expected Standard	
	Autumn Term  Contextual Outcomes:			
Speaking and Listening	Children know	Children know What 'anticipating' means and looks like.	Children know	

	What it means to 'listen' and the attributes of a good		How to respond in a sensible way to stories
	listener.	How to respond in a sensible way to stories and	and what this looks like in practise.
		what this looks like in practise.	
	How to show they are giving their attention in an	·	Children can
	appropriate way.	What 'instructions' are.	Use vocabulary and forms of speech that are
			influenced by their increasing experience of a
	Children can	Children can	variety of books.
	Listen attentively in a range of situations.	Listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events	
		and respond to what they hear with relevant	Express themselves effectively, confidently and
	Give their attention to what others say and respond appropriately, while engaged in another activity	comments, questions or actions.	consistently, showing awareness of listener's needs.
	appropriately, while origing a meaning	Use vocabulary and forms of speech that are	necas.
	Answer 'how' and 'why' questions about their	influenced by their experience of books.	
	experiences and in response to stories or events.		
	·	Follow instructions involving several ideas or	
	Use past, present and future forms accurately when	actions.	
	talking about events that have happened or are to		
	happen in the future.	Express themselves effectively, showing awareness	
		of listener's needs.	
Comprehension	Children know	Children know	Children know
-	What 'predictable phrases' are and when it is	What 'inference' is and how we apply this to our	What 'sequence of events' means in a book.
	appropriate to join in during a story.	reading comprehension.	
			Children can
	Children can	Children can	Discuss the sequence of events in books.
	Demonstrate some understanding when talking with	Become even more familiar with key stories, fairy	
	others about what they have read.	stories and traditional tales, retelling them.	Predict what might happen on the basis of
		Till I and all the last transmit	what has been read so far.
	Begin to link what they read or hear to their own	Talk about the title and events in a text with	A
	experience.	increasing confidence	Answer and ask questions.
	Recognise and join in with predictable phrases.	Discuss the significance of the title and events in a	Check that the text makes sense to them as
		text.	they read, and correct inaccurate reading.
	Predict what might happen on the basis of the title		
	and pictures.	Make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done.	

		Participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say.	
Word Reading  Knowledge and	Children know What 'decode' means.  What a 'common irregular word' is.  Children can Use phonic knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately.  Read some common irregular words.  Working Towards the Expected Standard	Children know How they can independently decode unknown words using their phonics.  The alternative sounds for all graphemes taught so far.  Children can Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words.  Respond speedily with the correct sounds to graphemes (letters or groups or letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes.  Read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been taught.  Read common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word.  Working At the Expected Standard	Children know What 'automatic decoding' is and what 'fluent reading' looks like.  Children can Continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent.  Read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes  Read further common exception words.  Working at Greater Depth within
Skills Area			the Expected Standard
		Spring Term	
	Contextual Outcomes:		
Speaking and Listening	Children know  How to respond in a sensible way to stories and what this looks like in practise.	Children know What it means to 'participate actively' and examples of how we do this.	

	Children can	Children can	
	Listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers.	Build their vocabulary from what they hear and read.	
	Deveop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events.	Maintain attention and participate actively.	
Comprehension	Children know	Children know	Children know
•	What does and does not make sense.	What does and does not make sense.	They will be given opportunities to talk about books, words and phrases.
	Children can	Why it is important to check what they are	
	Notice when something is read to them and it doesn't	reading makes sense.	Children can
	make sense.		Discuss and clarify the meanings of words.
		Children can	
		Check the text makes sense to them as they read, and correct inaccurate reading.	Discuss their favourite words and phrases.
			Understand books, drawing on what they
		Discuss word meanings, linking new meanings to	already know or on background information
		those already known.	and vocabulary provided by the teacher.
		Understand what they read by drawing on what	
		they already know or on background information	
		and vocabulary provided by the teacher.	
		Explain clearly their undersanding of what is read to them.	
Word Reading	Children know	Children know	Children know
•	How to apply their phonics to skills to their reading,	That words can have a variety of different endings	They do not have to sound out words they
	becoming more and more independent.	and what the more common word endings are.	already know and should be reading these by sight.
	Children can	What a 'syllable' is.	
	Use their phonics to read and understand simple		Children can
	sentences (often with support).	What a 'contraction' is.	Read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending, when
		Children can	they have been frequently encountered.

	Respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for those sounds they have learnt.  Read common exception words learnt.	Read words containing taught GPCs and -s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er and -est endings.  Read other words of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs.  Read words with contractions (for example I'm, I'll, we'll) and understand that the apostrophe represents omitted letter(s).  Read books aloud, accurately, that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge and that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words.			
Knowledge and Skills Area	Working Towards the Expected Standard	Working At the Expected Standard	Working at Greater Depth within the Expected Standard		
	Summer Term				
	Contextual Outcomes:				
Speaking and	Children know	Children know	Children know		
Listening	What an appropriate answer is to a question.	What an 'opinion' is and how to give one.	What speaking audibly and fluently looks like in practise.		
	Children can	Children can	, '		
	Give answers, often with support from adults.	Give answers and opinons.	Children can Use spoken language to develop		
		Maintain attention and participate actively in conversations.	understanding through imagining and exploring ideas.		
			Increaingly speak audibly and fluently.		

Comprehension	Children know	Children know	Children know
•	It is important to be able to talk about different	How to learn rhymes and poems by heart and how	That their opinions and views are valued.
	types of texts, not just stories.	we can retain information to recite.	·
			That often people have different opinions and
	Children can	Children can	views and that is ok.
	Talk about what they have read or what is read to	Listen to and discuss a wide range of poems,	
	them.	stories and non-fiction.	Children can
			Listen to, discuss and express views about
	Listen to a range of poems, stories and non-fiction.	Appreciate rhymes and poems and learn to recite some by heart.	poetry, stories and non-fictionat a level beyond that at which they can read independently.
			Recognise simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry.
			Participate in discussion about books, poems
			and ther works that are read to them and
			those that they can read for themselves,
			taking turns and listening to what others say.
Word Reading	Children know	Children know	Children know
3	We pause at the end of a sentence when we see a	Why we should be reading books a number of	Why we should be reading books a number of
	full stop, before we begin another sentence.	times, to gain fluency.	times, to gain fluency.
	Children can	Children can	Children can
	Read and understand simple sentences at a stage	Re-read books to build up their fluency and	Read aloud books closely matched to their
	appropriate for them.	confidence in word reading.	improving phonic knowledge, sounding out
			unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation.
Key Vocabulary	Story, poem, non-fiction, fiction, understand, expl decode, common exception words, maintain, alter	lain, fluency, appreciate, retain, recite, opinions, a mative.	udibly, discuss, check, participate, develop,
		Year 2	
Knowledge and	Working Towards the Expected Standard	Working At the Expected Standard	Working at Greater Depth within
Skills Årea			the Expected Standard
		Autumn Term	·

	Contextual Outcomes:		
Speaking and Listening	Children know  How to give answers and opinions to questions or discussions.	Children know Why it is important to explain answers and opinions.	Children know What it means to 'gain and maintain the interest of the listener'.
	Children can Use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary.  Give answers and opinions.	What a 'performance' is.  What a 'presentation' is.	Children can  Maintain attention and participate actively ir collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments.
	Maintain attention and participate actively in conversations.	Children can Ask relevant questions to extend their understading and knowledge.	Gain and maintain the interest of the listener(s).
		Continue to use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary.	
		Maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations.	
		Give and explain answers and opinions.  Particpate in discussions, presentations and	
	Children know	performances.  Children know	Children know
Comprehension	What a sequence is.	Some non-fiction books can be structured in different ways.	Why it is important to ask questions when w are reading to improve our understanding.
	The difference between fairytales, traditional tales, non-fiction and fiction.	Children can Undersand books, drawing on what they already	Why we need to justify our inferences.
	Children can Discuss the sequence of events in books.	know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher.	Children can  Ask questions to improve their understanding of a text.

	Predict what might happen on the basis of the title and pictures.  Become increasingly familiar with and retell a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales.	Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far.  Continue to check that the text makes sense to them as they read and correct inaccurate reading.	Draw inference such as inferring character's feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence.
	Explore non-fiction books and talk about the information they provide.	Make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done.	Retireve and record information from non-ficiton books.
	Check that the text maks sense to them as they read.	Discuss the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related.	
		Explore non-fiction books that are structured in different ways.	
Word Reading	Children know Why it is important to read with pace.	Children know What a 'suffix' is.	Children know That there are some common suffixes that we come across more regularly than others.
	Children can Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words.	Children can Continue to apply phonc knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic	Children can Read confidently and accurately by
	Respond speedily with the correct sounds to graphemes (letters or groups or letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes.	decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent.  Read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so	blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognizing alternative sounds for graphemes, words with more than one syllable and common suffixes.
	Read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been taught.	far, especially recognizing alternative sounds for graphemes.	3
	Read common exception words learnt so far.	Read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the same graphemes as above.	
		Read words containing common suffixes.	

Knowledge and Skills Area	Working Towards the Expected Standard	Working At the Expected Standard	Working at Greater Depth within the Expected Standard	
		Spring Term		
	Contextual Outcomes:			
Speaking and	Children know	Children know	Children know	
Listening	That it is important to speak clearly and fluently.	Why it is important to speak clearly and fluently.	What a 'description' is and what makes it 'well-structured'.	
	How to participate in discussions and why it is	Children can		
	important.	Use spoken language to develop understanding through imagining and exploring ideas.	What an 'explanation' is.	
	Children can	and exploring taxes.	Children can	
	Use spoken language to develop understanding	Speak audibly and fluently.	Give well-structured descriptions and	
	through imagining and exploring ideas.	Speak dudibly and fluenting.	explanations for different purposes, including for expressing feelings.	
	Increasingly speak audibly and fluently.			
	Participate in disucssions.		Speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English.	
Comprehension	Children know	Children know	Children know	
•	When literacy language is recurring in stories and poetry.	When it is appropriate to answer and ask questions and when it is not.	What a 'dictionary' is and how we use them.	
			That we read for a variety of purposes.	
	Children can	Children can		
	Understand books, drawing on what they already	Answer and ask questions.	Children can	
	know or on vocabulary provided by the teacher.		Use dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read.	
	Recognise simple recurring literacy language in		, and the second	
	stories and poetry.		Read books that are structured in different	
			ways and read for a range of purposes.	
	Begin to ask and answer simple questions.		Identify themes and conventions in a wide range of books.	

Word Reading	Children know	Children know	Children know				
J	That words can have a variety of different endings	What 'reading automatically, without undue	What a 'root word' is.				
	and what the more common word endings are.	hesitation' looks like.					
	What a 'syllable' is.	Children can	What 'prefixes and suffixes' are.				
		Read further common exception words, noting	They should be noticing the unusual				
	What a 'contraction' is.	unusual correspondences between spelling and	correspondence bewteen spelling and sound.				
		sound and where these occur in the word.					
	Children can		Children can				
	Read words containing taught GPCs and -s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er and -est endings.  Read other words of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs.  Read words with contractions (for example I'm, I'll, we'll) and understand that the apostrophe represents omitted letter(s).	Read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending, when they have been frequently encountered.  Read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation.	Apply their growing knowledge of root words prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listen in — see English appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet.  Read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in words.				
					Read books aloud, accurately, that are consistent		
					with their developing phonic knowledge and that do		
					not require them to use other strategies to work our words.		
				Knowledge and	Working Towards the Expected Standard	Working At the Expected Standard	Working at Greater Depth within
Skills Area			the Expected Standard				
	Summer Term						
	Contextual Outcomes:						

Speaking and Listening	Children know Why it is important to speak clearly and fluently.  Children can Speak audibly and fluently.	Children know What 'Standard English' is/means.  Children can Speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English.	
Comprehension	Children know What it means to discuss and clarify the meanings of words.  They can talk about their favourite words and phrases from books they have read/had read to them.  Children can Listen to, and talk about, a growing range of text types, including poetry, stories and non-fiction.  Participate in discussions about books, poems and other works that are read to them.  Discuss and clarify the meanings of words.  Discuss their favourite words and phrases.	Children know What their favourite words and phrases are from books and why.  How to practise until they are able to learn something by heart.  Children can Participate in discusson about books, poems and other words that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say.  Listen to, discuss and express views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond what at which they can read independently.  Explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves.  Discuss and clarify the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary.  Discuss their favoruite words and phrases.  Continue to build up a repertoire of poems	Children know What a 'play script' is and how to prepare one.  How to read a play script aloud to hold the reader's attention.  What their favourite words and phrases are from books and why.  Children can Listen to amd disucss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks.  Prepare poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action.  Discuss words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination.

	learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting	
	some, with appropriate intonation to make the	
	meaning clear.	
Children know	Children know	Children know
Why it is important to re-read books.	Why it is important to re-read books.	Why it is important to re-read books.
Children can	Children can	Children can
Re-read books matched to their growing ability, to	Re-read books matched to their growing ability,	Re-read books matched to their growing
build up their fluency and confidence in word	to build up their fluency and confidence in word	ability, to build up their fluency and
reading.	reading.	confidence in word reading.
Story, poem, non-fiction, fiction, play, script, re-read, fluency, appreciate, discuss, repertoire, clarify, express, participate, interest, imagination, recite, rehearse, root words, prefix, suffix, syllable, inferences, predicting, performance, presentation.		
	Why it is important to re-read books.  Children can  Re-read books matched to their growing ability, to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading.  Story, poem, non-fiction, fiction, play, script, re-read, f	some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear.  Children know Why it is important to re-read books.  Children can Re-read books matched to their growing ability, to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading.  Children can Re-read books matched to their growing ability, to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading.  Story, poem, non-fiction, fiction, play, script, re-read, fluency, appreciate, discuss, repertoire, clarify, express